We are closing the gap between Southwark and the London average for total recorded crime. In 2011-12 our crime rate of 120 per 1000 population was 22 percentage points below the London average. We deploy resources to tackle emerging issues. Tackling anti-social behaviour remains a priority for Southwark.

- Published the Domestic Abuse Strategy which sets out the partnership’s commitment to raise awareness of domestic abuse, provide support services for victims, and ensure enforcement is taken against perpetrators.
- Re-commissioned the Southwark Advocacy and Support Service to continue providing support and information to residents at risk or suffering from domestic or sexual abuse.

Tackling violence against women and girls

Southwark commissions a number of services to combat violence against women and girls, including the Southwark Anti Violence Unit (SAVU) which works with young men aged 16-24 who have been involved in, or are at risk from, gang activity. SAVU has been successful in ensuring that 50% of the client group do not re-offend within 6 months of being accepted on to the programme.

Since 2011-12, incidence levels for both sexual offences and domestic abuse have increased, partly as the result of increased confidence in reporting. Domestic violence accounts for nearly a third of all violence with injury offences in Southwark. Tackling Violence Against Women and Girls remains a priority for Southwark.

Tackling anti-social behaviour

During 2015-16, the Southwark anti-social behaviour unit (SASBU) took the following enforcement action:
- Obtained 25 Criminal Behaviour Orders - obtained 7 injunctions
- Obtained 21 Closure Orders - served 20 Notices of Possession - carried out 7 evictions
- Successfully recovered from alcohol and / or drug dependence
- identifying children and young people affected by parental or sibling substance misuse and taking action to reduce harms and improve the chances
- Increasing the number of individuals who successfully engage with Southwark treatment system following release from custody
- Working collaboratively with partner agencies to prevent or reduce drug related deaths and to reduce the transmission of blood borne viruses
- Restricting the supply of drugs and identifying and prosecuting those involved in the drug trade.

Reducing Substance misuse

- 43% engaged in education, training and employment
- 43% commencing structured community treatment for substance misuse
- 46% did not re-offend within 6 months of being accepted on to the IOM Programme

Child Sexual Exploitation

Southwark is committed to tackling the sexual exploitation of children and young people living in our borough and those in care placed in the borough. This will be achieved through a proactive, co-ordinated, multi-agency approach.

- Prevent the occurrence of CSE
- Build intelligence and develop a problem profile of CSE locally
- Provide support which is timely and effective for victims of CSE
- Disrupt the activities of perpetrators
- Prosecute perpetrators

Hate Crime

Work with communities
- Raise awareness and increase reporting
- Perpetrators: robust approach
- Prevent
- Respond to the ideological challenge of extremist ideas
- Prevent people from being drawn into terrorism
- Work with a wide range of sectors where there are risks of radicalisation

COUNCIL PLAN PRIORITIES 2014 - 2018

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quality affordable homes</th>
<th>Bent on crime-free</th>
<th>Strong local economy</th>
<th>Healthy active living</th>
<th>Cleaner greener safer</th>
<th>Revitalised neighbourhoods</th>
<th>Fit for the future</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

DATA SOURCES

Crim Stats - Metropolitan Police Service
Southwark Population 2011 - Office of National Statistics
Mid-year estimate
Southwark Population 2015 - Greater London Authority
MPS Quarterly Report
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COMMUNITY SAFETY PARTNERSHIP PLAN 2017 - 2020

The Southwark Safeguarding Adults Board is pleased to present our new Community Safety Strategy for 2017 – 2020. This strategy outlines the priority areas and provides a framework for the many activities that the partnership will deliver to improve community safety and community confidence across Southwark over the coming three years.

Background

Each local authority area has a community safety partnership (CSP) which has statutory responsibility to reduce crime, anti-social behavior, fear of crime, and substance misuse in that area. In Southwark the work of the community safety partnership is directed by the Southwark Safeguarding Adults Board (SSAB). Our vision is to make Southwark a safer and healthier place to live and visit. We are committed to delivering this vision and working together with our statutory and voluntary partners and the community in order to make a difference. Our Community Safety Partnership Plan 2017 – 2020 outlines the crime and disorder priorities that the partnership will focus on over the next 3 years, informed by our annual strategic assessment and consultation with stakeholders.

Our progress so far

Crimes rates in Southwark continue to show an encouraging downward trend. Recorded crime decreased from 120 per 1000 population in 2011-12 to 102 in 2015-16. This represents a 9% reduction in offences from 34,483 to 31,422.

We are closing the gap between Southwark and the London average for total recorded crime. In 2011-12 our crime rate of 120 per 1000 population was 22 percentage points below the London average. We deploy resources to tackle emerging issues. Tackling anti-social behaviour remains a priority for Southwark.

During 2015-16, the Southwark anti-social behavior unit (SASBU) took the following enforcement action:
- Obtained 25 Criminal Behaviour Orders - obtained 7 injunctions
- Obtained 21 Closure Orders - served 20 Notices of Possession - carried out 7 evictions
- Successfully recovered from alcohol and / or drug dependence
- identifying children and young people affected by parental or sibling substance misuse and taking action to reduce harms and improve the chances
- Increasing the number of individuals who successfully engage with Southwark treatment system following release from custody
- Working collaboratively with partner agencies to prevent or reduce drug related deaths and to reduce the transmission of blood borne viruses
- Restricting the supply of drugs and identifying and prosecuting those involved in the drug trade.

Reducing Substance misuse

- 43% engaged in education, training and employment
- 43% commencing structured community treatment for substance misuse
- 46% did not re-offend within 6 months of being accepted on to the IOM Programme

Reducing offending

- Partnership activity
- During 2015-16 the Integrated Offender Management (IOM) Programme has undergone significant changes in recent years arising from the Transforming Rehabilitation Partnership activity
- Reducing substance misuse
- Partnership activity
- Reducing Substance misuse
- To protect individuals, families and communities from the negative impact of drugs and crime
- Reducing the number of individuals misusing alcohol, illegal and other harmful drugs and increasing the number of individuals who successfully recover from alcohol and / or drug dependence
- Identifying children and young people affected by parental or sibling substance misuse and taking action to reduce harms and improve the chances
- Increasing the number of individuals who successfully engage with Southwark treatment system following release from custody
- Working collaboratively with partner agencies to prevent or reduce drug related deaths and to reduce the transmission of blood borne viruses
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Data Sources

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- Mid-year estimate
- Southwark Population 2015 - Greater London Authority
- MPS Quarterly Report

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**ASPECT**

**Tackling Violence Against Women and Girls (VAWG)**
- A clear statement of intent that abuse is unacceptable regardless of gender or sexuality.
- Challenging the normalisation of domestic abuse.
- Ensuring that survivors take control of their lives by providing support for those who need it, in the settings where they feel most comfortable seeking it.
- Taking tough action on those who perpetrate abuse.
- Encouraging agencies to work together to get it right first time.

**Tackling Youth Violence including Knife Crime and Knife Carrying**
- Prevent offending and reoffending by young people.
- Reduce serious youth violence.
- Reduce the number of young victims.
- Increase positive outcomes for young people involved in or at risk of youth crime.

**Reducing Substance Misuse**
- To protect individuals and families from the negative impact of drugs and alcohol misuse.
- Identifying children and young people affected by parental or sibling substance misuse, and taking action to reduce harms and improve life chances.
- Rectifying the supply of drugs and identifying and prosecuting those involved in the drug trade.

**Reducing Reoffending**
- Reduce reoffending.
- Increase positive outcomes including housing and ETE (Education, Training, Employment) for repeat offenders.
- Reduce harm to the community.

**Tackling Anti Social Behaviour**
- Antisocial behaviour causes fear and anxiety in the community. Our commitment is to:
  - Take a victim-centred approach, signpost vulnerable victims to support agencies.
  - Risk assessed through Community MARAC.
  - Highlight the need for early intervention in cases of low-level ASB to avoid escalation into serious incidents.
  - Take a multi-agency approach to tackling ASB cases.

**Child Sexual Exploitation**
- Southwark is committed to tackling the sexual exploitation of children and young people living in the borough and those in care placed out of the borough. This will be achieved through a proactive, co-ordinated, multi-agency approach.
- Prevent the occurrence of CSE.
- Build intelligence and develop a profile of CSE locally.
- Provide support which is timely and effective for victims of CSE.
- Disrupt the activities of perpetrators.
- Prosecute perpetrators.

**Hate Crime and Prevent**
- Prevent Southwark has a statutory requirement with other partners, police, schools, prisons, health to prevent and support vulnerable people being drawn into terrorism.

**Hate Crime**
- Preach crimes are any criminal offence committed against a person or property that is motivated by hatred of someone because of their race, colour, ethnic origin, nationality or national or regional origin, religious, gender or gender identity, sexual orientation, disability or age.

### Work Stream

**Prevention and awareness**
- Aim to “get it right first time” by providing support and clear referral pathways, and expansion of Domestic Abuse Champions.
- Establish a wide ranging education and support programmes for young people.
- Greater support for the LGBT+ community and people with disabilities, through an awareness raising programme.
- Early identification and support
  - Establish a health based intervention model.
  - Establish an and integrated support service for complex cases.

**Enforcement**
- Take action against perpetrators.
- Establish a multi-agency enforcement approach against persistent perpetrators.
- Carry out an annual needs assessment.

**Treatment & Commissioning**
- Work in partnership to ensure the needs of children and young people with familial substance misuse are appropriately identified at the earliest opportunity and action is taken to reduce or stop.
- Continue to develop and improve the multi-agency approach to enforcement and support, including how to identify those causing the most harm.

### Focus

**Priority actions and accountability**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Actions</th>
<th>VAWG – Violence Against Women Unit</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SAVU – Southwark Anti Violence Unit</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JSNA – Joint Strategic Needs Assessment</td>
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<td></td>
<td>IOCM – Integrated Offender Management</td>
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<td></td>
<td>MARAC – Multi Agency Risk Assessment Conference</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CSE – Child Sexual Exploitation</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Glossary**

- LGBT – Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender
- MARAC – Multi Agency Risk Assessment Conference
- JSNA – Joint Strategic Needs Assessment
- IOCM – Integrated Offender Management
- SAVU – Southwark Anti Violence Unit
- CSE – Child Sexual Exploitation
- PSHE – Personal, Social, Health, Economic
- MASE – Multi Agency Sexual Exploitation Group

**Prevention**
- Training for staff.
- Awareness raising in schools, including through PSHE.
- Community awareness campaign and potential online criminal soliciting.
- Engagement with community groups and faith groups.
- Engagement with licence in taxi firms and hotels.

**Build intelligence**
- Robust monitoring of children missing from home, school and care.
- Commission intelligence profile.
- Understand the young person’s experience of services.

**Provide timely, effective support to all victims of CSE**
- Strengthen approach to working with trafficked children.
- Implement risk assessment tool for CSE cases.

**Disruption**
- IM&P meeting to use Problem Profile to specifically plan disruptions.

**Prevent**
- Develop and deliver a community based Prevent training.
- Construction and support of a Prevent based community corrosion group.
- Produce an implementation plan for specified authorities to ensure proper compliance.
- Channel – multi-agency partnership panel for supporting individuals identified as being vulnerable to radicalisation and extremism.

**Hate Crime**
- Develop a shared understanding of what a ‘hate crime’ is and communicate this with individuals, community groups and organisations.
- Develop hate crime communication messages utilise technology (blogs, e-bulletins, social media sites, podcasts etc).
- Build a community network of signposting organisations to provide support.
- Develop a picture of hotspot areas.